## Pollinator Patchwork

Designed by Resource Central, inspired by an original design from Julie Hauser of Indigo Landscape Design


Calling all pollinators! This garden is a colorful patchwork of blooms specially designed to feed and host local pollinators like bees and butterflies. You'll love the color palette of this garden with purple, red, yellow, and white blooms. This rainbow of color pops against the flowing foliage of the grey-green Powis Castle Sage and tall, brightgreen Maiden Grass. Pollinator Patchwork also offers our higher altitude gardeners a great option.


Full sun exposure
(minimum of 6 hrs of direct sun per day)


Planting maps cover 72 sq. ft.


Blooms late spring to fall


Low water needs

## Individual Plant Information



CARE: Older plants tend to split in the center if not divided. To keep the plant smaller and prevent it from flopping over, prune the tips $6-8$ " in late spring (this will also delay flowering).

BLUE SALVIA - Salvia nemorosa varieties


An umbrella of flowers changes from soft pink in August to a copperybronze seedhead in November, atop pale green, succulent-like leaves.


Mature height 18-24" Mature spread 12-18"


Full sun



Blooms late summer to fall

Attracts bees, butterflies

Resists deer, rabbits

Boasts flowers that spike up in tall stalks of bright violet flowers clumped up and down the stem. The bunches of flowers created are so dense, they present a solid wall of color in gardens.


CARE: This hardy plant is not fussy about soil and flourishes in full sun and low amounts of water.


A cultivar of the Colorado native known for its durability and its masses of bright yellow flowers. A low, leafy evergreen that boasts a pile of green coins in spring, yellow pom-poms in summer, orangey heads in fall, and blood-red leaves in winter.



Creamy white, feathery seed plumes stand erect over a broad clump of slender rich green blades with a white rib running down the center of each.


CARE: Should be left standing in the winter to protect roots. Prefers well-draining soil.


Large, entirely wine-red flowers stand above a dense clump of thick, hairy, grayish-green foliage. A great cut flower for decoration.


Low water needs

Blooms midsummer

Attracts bees, butterflies

CARE: Blanket Flowers appreciate a bit of pampering the first season, and then take off on their own. Avoid planting in rich, moist soils, which can make the plants floppy and shorten their life span. Once established, it is very lowmaintenance, adaptable, and easy to grow.

## PINELEAF PENSTEMON - Penstemon pinifolius



This low, creeping penstemon features tubular, scarlet-orange flowers with yellow throats. The prolific blooms rest atop soft, green needle-like foliage, covering the plant throughout the midsummer months.


Mature height 6-8" Mature spread 12-15"
 Full sun
 Low water needs


Blooms midsummer


Attracts butterflies, hummingbirds


Resists deer, rabbits

CARE: Penstemon varieties prefer not to be overcrowded and prefer maximum heat and sun exposure. Avoid enriching the soil around these finicky plants - it will shorten their life span. This semi-evergreen can be slow to establish, so be sure to weed around it regularly to improve establishment.

## POWIS CASTLE SAGE - Artemisia 'Powis Castle'



Its soft feathery leaves create beautifully distinct dome-like mounds, and it is valued for its aromatic leaves, delightful texture, and vigorous growth.


Mature height 2-3' Mature spread 2-3'


Blooms summer


Full sun

Low water needs


Resists deer


Purple, drooping ray florets surround a characteristic spiny and brownish central disk, and dance atop stiff, coarse stems throughout the summer months.


Mature height 2-3' Mature spread 18-24"


Full sun


Low water needs

Blooms mid to late summer

Attracts bees, birds, butterflies

CARE: This plant benefits from well-drained soils. Crown rot may occur if soil is too moist or slow draining. Spreads by rhizomatous roots so you may consider hemming it in upon planting. When cutting back in spring or fall, be sure not to cut into old wood. Find where the buds start and do not cut below that point.

QTY. 3
CARE: Low-maintence perennial that will grow easily in average, welldrained soil. Tolerant of drought, heat, and humidity.


The Colorado state flower! It is noted for its large, rich violet flowers with white centers and long spurs mounted on arching stems over blue-green foliage.


Mature height 18-24" Mature spread 12-18"


Full sun to filtered shade

Medium water needs

Blooms late spring to summer

Attracts bees, birds, butterflies

Resists deer, rabbits

CARE: Avoid heavy, soggy soil. Division is not recommended; mature plants do not like to be disturbed. If foliage becomes ragged during high heat, cut foliage back to 3 inches above ground and new leaves will grow in.


A bushy, multi-branched clump with fine, daisy-like flowers that are violet to purple during early summer to fall. Slender, dark green leaves are smooth to the touch.


Mature height 2-4' Mature spread 15-24"


Full sun


Low water needs

## WHITE VALERIAN - Centranthus ruber 'Albus'

Blooms late summer to fall

CARE: This native plant will be easy to take care of. It will self-propagate by its nonaggressive rhizomatous roots.


Fleshy, blue-green leaves on branched stems create bushy, slightly sprawling clumps. Large fragrant clusters of tiny white flowers attract butterflies.


Mature height 2-3'
Mature spread 18-24"


Full sun

Low water needs

Blooms summer

Attracts bees, butterflies

Resists deer, rabbits

CARE: This long-lived perennial will thrive in average or poor soils with good drainage. Once established, it is drought tolerant. Can become weedy if left to self-seed!

## Plant Maintenance by Season

## MAINTENANCE TASKS

 PLANT
## SPRING (AFTER FIRST GROWING SEASON)

Cut back old growth to a few inches before new growth begins to show.

Divide mature plants in early spring every 3 years, as needed.

Kannah Creek ${ }^{\circledR}$ Sulphur Flower, Maiden Grass, Mesa Red Blanket Flower, Pineleaf Penstemon, Powis Castle Sage, Purple Coneflower, Rocky Mountain Columbine, Smooth Aster

Autumn Joy Stonecrop, Blue Salvia, Maiden Grass, Mesa Red Blanket Flower, Pineleaf Penstemon, Purple Coneflower

SUMMER

| Water sparingly once established. | Kannah Creek ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Sulphur Flower |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deadhead spent flowers to encourage new blooms, minimize self-seeding and/or encourage compact growth. | Autumn Joy Stonecrop, Blue Salvia, Mesa Red Blanket Flower, Rocky Mountain Columbine, White Valerian |

Leave last round of blooms to self-seed and/or to provide food for birds.

Deadhead to prevent self-seeding and spreading.

Autumn Joy Stonecrop, Purple Coneflower, Rocky Mountain Columbine
White Valerian

## Plant-by-Number Design Suggestions



6' $\times 12$ ' rectangle
SUGGESTED FRONT SIDE OF GARDEN

## Key

1. Autumn Joy Stonecrop (Qty. 2)
2. Blue Salvia (Qty. 2)
3. Kannah Creek ${ }^{\oplus}$ Sulphur Flower (Qty. 1)
4. Maiden Grass (Qty. 2)
5. Mesa Red Blanket Flower (Qty. 1)
6. Pineleaf Penstemon (Qty. 2)
7. Powis Castle Sage (Qty. 1)
8. Purple Coneflower (Qty. 3)
9. Rocky Mountain Columbine (Qty. 2)
10. Smooth Aster (Qty. 2)
11. White Valerian (Qty. 2)

1 box = 1 square foot
Maps reflect bloom or showy foliage color.


